# Presentation metadata



Open Data Support is funded by the European Commission under SMART 2012/0107 'Lot 2: Provision of services for the Publication, Access and Reuse of Open Public Data across the European Union, through existing open data portals'(Contract No. 30-CE-0530965/00-17).

© 2014 European Commission

Training Module 1.2

# Introduction to Linked Data



**OPEN DATA** SUPPORT



## Learning objectives

By the end of this training module you should have an understanding of:

- What is linked data;
- What is open data;
- What is the difference between linked and open data;
- How to publish linked data (5-star schema);
- The economic and social aspects of linked data.





### **Content**

This module contains ...

- An introduction to the linked data principles;
- An introduction to linked data technologies;
- An outline of the 5-star scheme for publishing linked data;
- An example of how tabular data can be published as linked data using Open Refine;
- The expected benefits of linked data for governments;
- An overview of linked data initiatives in Europe.







# What is linked dat

Evolution from a document-based Web to a Web of interdata.







### The Web is evolving from a "Web of linked docume a "Web of linked data"... (1/2)





OPEN DATA SUPPORT Slide 5



### The Web is evolving from a "Web of linked docume a "Web of linked data"... (2/2)

- The Web started as a collection of • documents published online – accessible at Web location identified by a URL.
- These documents often contain data about real-world resources which is mainly humanreadable and cannot be understood by machines.
- The Web of Data is about enabling the • access to this data, by making it available in machine-readable formats and connecting it using Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs), thus enabling people and machines to collect the data, and put it together to do all kinds of things with it (permitted by the licence). See also:

Machine-readable data (or metadata) is data in a format that can be interpreted by a computer.

2 types of machine-readable data:

- human-readable data that is marked up so that it can also be understood by computers, e.g. microformats. RDFa:
- data formats intended • principally for computers, e.g. RDF, XML and JSON.

http://www.ted.com/talks/tim berners lee on the next web.html http://linkeddatabook.com/editions/1.0/





Slide 6

## **Defining linked data...**

*"Linked data is a set of design principles for sharing machine-readable data on the Web for use by public administrations, business and citizens."* 

EC ISA Case Study: How Linked Data is transforming eGovernment

The four design principles of Linked Data (by Tim Berners Lee):

- 1. Use Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs) as names for things.
- 2. Use HTTP URIs so that people can look up those names.
- 3. When someone looks up a URI, provide useful information, using the standards (RDF\*, SPARQL).

See also:

4. Include links to other URIs so that they can discover more things.



Slide 7



### Linked (open) government data - value proposition

- Flexible data integration: LOGD facilitates data integration and enables the interconnection of previously disparate government datasets.
- **Increase in data quality:** The increased (re)use of LOGD triggers a growing demand to improve data quality. Through crowd-sourcing and self-service mechanisms, errors are progressively corrected.
- **New services:** The availability of LOGD gives rise to new services offered by the public and/or private sector.
- **Cost reduction:** The reuse of LOGD in e-Government applications leads to considerable cost reductions.









## The four principles in practice... (1)

- 1. Use Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs) as names for things.
- 2. Use HTTP URIs so that people can look up those names.

### E.g. for an organisation: UNICEF

- http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/corporate-body/UNICEF









## The four principles in practice... (2)

- 3. When someone looks up a URI, provide useful information, using the standards (RDF\*, SPARQL).
- 4. Include links to other URIs so that they can discover more things.

<skos:concept <="" rdf:about="http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/corporate-body/UNICEF" th=""><th></th></skos:concept>	
at:deprecated="false">	-
<skos:inscheme <="" rdf:resource="http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/corporate-body" td=""><td>1&gt;</td></skos:inscheme>	1>
<skos:broader rdf:resource="http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/corporate-body/U&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;NO"></skos:broader>	
<at:authority-code>UNICEF</at:authority-code>	
<at:op-code>UNICEF</at:op-code>	
<atold:op-code>UNICEF</atold:op-code>	
<dc:identifier>UNICEF</dc:identifier>	
<at;start.use>1951-01-01</at;start.use>	
<skos:preflabel xml:lang="bg">Уницеф - Детски фонд на ООН</skos:preflabel>	
<skos:preflabel xml:lang="cs">UNICEF - Dětský fond Organizace spojených národů<td>1&gt;</td></skos:preflabel>	1>
<skos:preflabel xml:lang="da">UNICEF - De Forenede Nationers Børnefond</skos:preflabel>	
<skos:preflabel xml:lang="de">Unicef - Kinderhilfswerk der Vereinten Nationen<td>&gt;</td></skos:preflabel>	>
<skos:preflabel xml:lang="el">Unicef - Ταμείο των Ηνωμένων Εθνών για τα Παιδιά<td>1&gt;</td></skos:preflabel>	1>
<skos:preflabel xml:lang="en">Unicef - United Nations Children's Fund</skos:preflabel>	





### Linked data vs. open data

"Open data is data that can be freely used, reused and redistributed by anyone – subject only, at most, to the requirement to attribute and sharealike."

- OpenDefinition.org

### **Open data**



### Linked data

Data can be published and be publicly available under an open licence without linking to other data sources.

Data can be linked to URIs from other data sources, using open standards such as RDF without being publicly available under an open licence.

### See also:

Cobden et al., A research agenda for Linked Closed Data http://ceur-ws.org/Vol-782/CobdenEtAl COLD2011.pdf





# Key milestones for linked government data



Slide 12

 $\odot$ 

**OPEN DATA SUPPORT** 



# Linked data foundations

URIs for naming things, RDF for describing data and SI for querying it.



OPEN DATA SUPPORT
 Slide 13



## **Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)**

"A Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) is a compact sequence of characters that identifies an abstract or physical resource."

- ISA's 10 Rules for Persistent URIs
- A country, e.g. Belgium
  - http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/country/BEL
- An organisation, e.g. the Publications Office
  - http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/corporate-body/PUBL
- A dataset, e.g. Countries Named Authority List
  - http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/country/



See also: http://www.slideshare.net/OpenDataSupport/design -and-manage-persitent-uris





**A SUPPORT** 



### **RDF & SPARQL**

The **Resource Description Framework** (RDF) is a syntax for representing data and resources in the Web

RDF breaks every piece of information down in **triples**:

- Subject a resource, which may be identified with a URI.
- Predicate a URI-identified reused specification of the relationship.
- Object a resource or literal to which the subject is related.



•

# How to publish linked data?

Paving the way towards 5-star linked data







## **5 star-schema of Linked (Open) Data**

$\sum_{i=1}^{N}$	Make your stuff available on the Web (whatever format)						
	under an open neense.	optional					
**	Make it available as structured data (e.g., Excel instead of image scan of a table)						
***	Use non-proprietary formats (e.g., CSV instead of Excel)						
****	Use URIs to denote things, so that people can point at your stuff	•					
****	Link your data to other data to provide context						





# $\Leftrightarrow$ Make your stuff available on the Web under an observe licence

A The National Archives



### Sustainable development targets for 2011-12

Our business plan for 2011–2015 sets out our strategic objectives for the next four years and our specific business priorities for 2011–12. Our aim of 'a more sustainable Kew' sets out actions which will deliver significant sustainability benefits.

### Reduce carbon emissions at Kew by 6% from 2010–11 levels, balancing record preservation and environmental conditions

Period	Electricity (KWh)	Gas (KWh)	Carbon (tonnes)	Change on 2010-11 (%)
April	762,625	354,062	479	-8.6
May	757,291	348,324	475	-6.5
June	846,364	388,369	530	-13.0
July	908,864	338,278	555	-17.1
August	928,827	384,925	574	-6.1
September	868,526	463,960	556	-2.7
October	810,768	376,137	509	-11.0
November	697,957	439,482	459	-17.1
December	536,080	472,718	378	-24.9

Performance to the end of December 2011 is -11.6%, well ahead of target. Our long-term commitment, which we are on track to meet or exceed, is to reduce the second second







# **Pros & cons of** $\Leftrightarrow$ **open data**

As a consumer	As a publisher
You can access the data.	<b>At is simple to publish.</b>
You can store it locally.	You do not have explain repeatedly to others that they can use your data.
You can enter the data into any other system.	
You can change the data.	
You can share the data with anyone.	





### $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow Make it available as structured data$

### Table DA2301 (SST2.10): Security and fire safety - dwellings, 2010

all dwellings						-	
	smoke alarm*	burglar alarm	door viewer	external lighting	secure windows and doors	dwellings in group (000s)	sample size (unweighted)
			perc	entage of	dwellings within g	roup	
enure						and a second second second	
wner occupied		36,9	51,9	63,3	77,3	14.860	8.791
rivate rented		20,0	48,5	53,2	66.0	3.706	3.096
ocal authority		11,9	67,4	60,9	76,7	1.801	2.276
iousing association		11,9	75,3	68,0	78,7	2.018	2.507
II private		33,6	51,2	61,3	75,1	18.567	11.887
Il social		11,9	71,6	64,7	77,8	3.819	4.783
lwelling age						20000	
re-1919		25,4	44,3	41,9	58,4	4.865	3.249
919-44		33,1	51,1	54,9	72,3	3.751	2.684
945-64	-	27.2	54,3	60,2	79,6	4.397	3.609
1965-80		26,0	56,6	67,8	81,8	4.602	3.593
981-90		31,2	57,9	77,5	78,6	1.880	1.429
oost 1990		42,6	72,2	87,5	90,3	2.892	2.106
Iwelling type							
nd terrace		28,6	51,9	51,3	75,3	2.251	XLS
nid terrace		24,4	49,6	40,4	72,3	4.105	
small terraced house		22,1	49,5	42,1	71,7	2.171	
medium/large terraced house		27,8	51,0	45.4	74,3	4.185	





## **Pros & cons of** $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ **open data**

### All the benefits of $\star$ open data; **plus**

As a consumer	As a publisher
You can directly process it with proprietary software to aggregate it, perform calculations, visualise it, etc.	(It is still simple to publish.
You can export it into another (structured and/or non proprietary) format.	





### $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Use non-proprietary formats$

- Proprietary: Excel, Word, PDF...
- Non-proprietary: XML, CSV, RDF, JSON, ODF...

Road safety- Accidents 2006:



Slide 22

 $\odot$ 

ORT



## **Pros & cons of** $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow$ **open data**

### All the benefits of $\star$ $\star$ open data; **plus**

As a consumer	As a publisher
You can manipulate the data in any way you like, without being confined by the capabilities of any particular software.	(It is still simple to publish.
	- But, you may need converters or plug-ins to export the data from the proprietary format.





### $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Use URIs to denote things$

For example, creating an URI for one of the units of the Greek Ministry of the Administrative Reform and e-Governance.



ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑ Υπουργείο Διοικητικής Μεταρρύθμισης και Ηλεκτρονικής Διακυβέρνησης

YIhttp://data.ydmed.gov.gr/doc/organization/16180

Type Organization

Raw data HTML | RDF/XML | Turtle

Category YNOYPEIA

See also: http://www.slideshare.net/OpenDataSupport/design-and-manage-persitent-uris



OPEN DATA SUPPORT Slide 24



# **Pros & cons of** $\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle \wedge}{\simeq} \stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle \wedge}{\simeq} \stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle \wedge}{\simeq} \stackrel{\scriptstyle \bullet}{\circ}$ open data

### All the benefits of $\star$ $\star$ $\star$ open data; **plus**

As a consumer	As a publisher			
You can link to it from any other place.	<b>Other data publishers can now link</b> into your data, promoting it to 5 star.			
🛞 ou can bookmark it.	You will be able to reuse vocabularies, data and metadata, and URI design			
Nou can access information about a particular resource directly through its URI, without having to download the complete dataset.	patterns instead of creating them from scratch.			
You may be able to reuse existing tools and libraries.	- But you typically need to invest some time in identifying the resources and assigning URIs.			
Nou can combine the data with other data.	- You need to invest in a stable policy, management and infrastructure for persistent URIs.			

- But understanding the technology requires effort and can have a steep learning curve.

Slide 25



# context context context context context

ences Referenced By	
	<ul> <li>http://org.testproject.eu/mareg/def/orgunit/Office</li> </ul>
rred label	Office of the Deputy Minister for Administrative Reform and e-dovernance
	<ul> <li>Γοαφείο Υφυπουοχού Αισικατικός Μεταρούθυσς και Ηλεκτρογικός Διακυβέργρασς</li> </ul>
Init	Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Referm and a covernance
a ne	Managing Authority of the Operational Programme "Administrative Reform 2007, 2012"
About:	office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance
About: C An Entity	Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance of Type : Office,
About: C An Entity	of Type : Office, ed By • http://org.testproject.eu/mareg/def/orgunit/Office
References References	Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance of Type : Office, d By • http://org.testproject.eu/mareg/def/orgunit/Office • Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance
References References type preferred label	Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance of Type : Office,         Ind By         • http://org.testproject.eu/mareg/def/orgunit/Office         • Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance         • Γραφείο Γενικού Γραμματέα Διοικητικής Μεταρρύθμισης και Ηλεκτρονικής Διακυβέρνησης
References References type preferred label hasUnit	Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance of Type : Office,         Id By         • http://org.testproject.eu/mareg/def/orgunit/Office         • Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance         • Γροφείο Γενικού Γρομματέα Διοικητικής Μεταρρύθμισης και Ηλεκτρονικής Διοκυβέρνησης         • Directorate General of Financial and Administrative Services
References References type preferred label hasUnit	Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance of Type : Office, d By • http://org.testproject.eu/mareg/def/orgunit/Office • Office of the Secretary General for Administrative Reform and e-governance • Γροφείο Γενικού Γρομματέο Διοικητικής Μεταρρύθμισης και Ηλεκτρονικής Διοκυβέρνησης • Directorate General of Financial and Administrative Services • Directorate General of Administrative Reform and e-Governance

Slide 26

0 0

**OPEN DATA** SUPPORT



## **Pros & cons of** $\Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow open data$

### All the benefits of $\star$ $\star$ $\star$ $\star$ open data; **plus**

As a consumer	As a publisher
You can discover more (related) data while consuming the data.	Tou make your data discoverable.
You can directly learn about the data schema.	You increase the context, expressivity, quality and value of your data (and consequently you give visibility to your organisation).
You can combine data from different source, be innovative, gain new knowledge, be an entrepreneur	- This requires an investment in time, money, technology and competencies/ skills.

- But, you now have to deal with broken data links. Not all publishers/data sources will be reliable.





# Example

### Using Open Refine for RDF to publish tabular data as L Data.







## What is Open Refine RDF extension



Open Refine RDF extension, allows you to easily import data in different formats such as :

- ⇐ Excel(.xls and .xlsx);
- æ JSON;
- 🖙 XML; and
- ⇔ RDF/XML.

And then determine the intended structure of an RDF dataset, by drawing a template graph.









## Case study: Linking data about plant protection pr

We will show how a <u>dataset</u> of the Greek <u>Ministry of Rural</u> <u>Development and Food</u> was described using an <u>ontology</u> developed by <u>DG Health and</u> <u>Consumers</u> and was then published as Linked Data.

The dataset was in CSV format.



See also:

http://joinup.ec.europa.eu/asset/core\_business/document/linkingdata-about-applications-and-decisions-authorisation-ppp







## Creating the project in Open Refine

- Make sure that Open Refine and the RDF extension are installed on your machine.
- Launch Open Refine.
- Upload the spreadsheet and selected the sheets that you want.
- Confirm the creation of the project.

0.0	ALT ADA	AE 3325					_		
oogle retine	8 4,44	ear total for working with manay data							
ate Project		Itart Over Configure Parsing Opt	ione						
es Project	10	products/R		.Note:		trade in	Atte: 1	vinction .	
of Proved	1	Mp theath leafproject exception of	11,007		High theath texturine it evices the Pro-			romest evaluated in classification	
	2	High Reads lawproped evolution GAVer	Patient 1.1 mil	11,109				the Print Print	righted evaporiet? under her bode
	I	Mg. /heath lewproject europy/Silver CHEM-1-36	POBLET ALL FARME.	1.NAA FAIRIA CHEVIIS	11		1	The strength live	to specific and population of an above state of the second s
	4	<ol> <li>Hig sheath temperand evaluation GR/OPPostual Add. Commun. Add. 1, 51.</li> </ol>			1.5AA GREENFAREES 1.52			the Presidential	rismundi evasor Attivistica (peritoris
		Mg cheath learproject except58/or	2.40 T2 CHEME 2.40 B2 CHEME 2.4 SCHROPPLESTER- NOFARIN 60 SL 2.4 SCHROPPLESTER- NOFARIN 60 SL 2.4.5-TP 481C		100.014		The Press of the	normal everythe Principi hereicon	
	6.	Mp./heats temprised evbop/GA/07				Mg. Health serginged evidentiel? inclosion			
	π,	Mg cheath testproject augus/GD/dl BORROF/LEDTER-M/FASH-40-5L							
	κ.	Mp. (health landproject evidop(CAVSPHISH)26- (COROPHIESTER W/ ABH-45-5), Mp. (health landproject evidop(CAVSPHISH)26-79-48-60			-		His Presit was read excepted and other to		
	6								
	18.	to sheath temproject evoporQAval BORROPILLETTRA ADROUND 40	2.45- 60/R0P/LES A0R0.82.55	6- 049041125758- 040142 (C 0.5049 010709 20%			the Preason has	ranged excepter Puncherherbook	
		ND Interfor Second and an and a second secon	563 5049 50,0100 201			1	the interaction of	renged excepted inclusioner	
	4	2. Ido heath leapinged evaluation of the solution and the		501,0704 20%				Http://www.inexproject.ev/paperiet/function/offer	
	1			-Merenenen		-			
	8	Parse data as							
		xcel (.alux) files	Worksheets to 3mp	hot.	15	lànore	0	Mineral Art.	K there blank news
	)	MC Nes	IZ Product	8674	1	Not .	segn	ung of the	States blank cells as nulls
	5	Open Document Format E Formatel		1	16	Fed as		column (Ne names, URLs)	
		EDFORM, News	The Avenue	1045	-	Partner	neace A	initial and	11 4 9 Ch 12 W
0		SCN Res	a, and and	1093	-	intial	cata	randa ar	
		ine based bottlies	El Yanant	1	13	Load at	0	row(s) of	
	0	DV (TDV / separato-cased tive	C Application	1					
Help	1	load-width fixed best files		1045					
ACCOUNT.			Caroline -	6534					





## Mapping the raw data to the ontology

You can map the data to the ontology using a simple graphical interface to create or edit an existing RDF skeleton.

You can set the base URI for the data.

OF Schema Aligne	nent				
the RDF schema align will pet placed into holo	ment silelefon berow	apecifies how the RCF or Configure the scenario in	ta that will	I get generated from your grid-shaped data. The ce sg which column is autotitute wite which node.	ta vi kach record of your data
Neee URI: http://wath	textpropect exigops's	ot			
NCX Shalebon INC	T Pieces				
Acalistia Prefixee	allow without more	othe first pay not store	-	* pot prefe if manage prefixes	
producture URL Kapp Product	-	= > pep function +	8	Ancton UNI E	ė
		× > 200 NasCimento -	-	Nan company LPD =	
		<ul> <li>» ppp has application</li> </ul>	- 1	kas application (JR) = - extriction	
		+ app hasDecision +	0	Nex decision URE	
		× a constanti a	8	failed (all	
Abd and has read to da		<ul> <li>+ pop han5ubstance-</li> </ul>		substanceUNUUNI =	



### Graphical interface to edit an RDF skeleton

Graphical interface to copy/paste an existing RDF skeleton





Slide 32

# Exporting the data in RDF - Linked Data

You can now export your data in:

- RDF/XML; or
- Turtle



Slide 33

 $\odot$ 

OPEN DATA SUPPORT



# LOGD enablers & roadblocks

From the study on Business Models for LOGD of the ISA Programme of the European Commission.



OPEN DATA SUPPORT Slide 34



### LOGD enablers

- Efficiency gains in data integration the network effect.
- Forward-looking strategies.
- Increased linking and integrated services.
- Ease of model updates.
- Ease of navigation.
- Open licensing and free access.
- Enthusiasm from 'champions'.
- Emerging best practice guidance.

See also: ISA Study on Business Models for LOGD https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/community/semic/document/study-businessmodels-linked-open-government-data-bm4logd







# Linked data can help you publish structured data a integrate data from different sources



### **LOGD roadblocks**

- Necessary investments.
- Lack of necessary competencies.
- Perceived lack of tools.
- Lack of service level guarantees.
- Missing, restrictive, or incompatible licences.
- Surfeit of standard vocabularies.
- The inertia of the status quo change is accomplished slowly.









# Linked data initiatives in Euro

Some examples on supra-national, national, regional an private initiatives in the area of linked (open) data acros Europe.



OPEN DATA SUPPORT
 Slide 38



## Member State initiatives - some examples

### DE – Bibliotheksverbund Bayern

Linked data from 180 academic libraries in Bavaria, Berlin and Brandenburg.

### IT – Agenzia per l'Italia digitiale

Three datasets published as linked data: the Index of Public Administration, the SPC contracts for web services and conduction systems and the Classifications for the data in Public Administration.

### NL – Building and address register

The Dutch Address and Buildings base register published as linked data.

### UK – Ordnance Survey

Three OS Open Data products published as linked data: the 1:50 000 Scale Gazetteer, Code-Point Open and the administrative geography taken from Boundary Line.

### **UK – Companies House**

Publishing basic company details as linked data using a simple URI for each company in their database.



See also: ISA Study on Business Models for LOGD https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/community/semic/document/study-businessmodels-linked-open-government-data-bm4logd



### Linked Government Data & Metadata initiatives fu the European Commission



(30)

### The Linked Government Data Pilots of ISA

	data about applications and decisions for authorisi plant protection products	ition of	Linkey manufile surveying to be
7 speriartic accet	Tige & legend		OW assess and Type & Reports read • Suffering Terminal Works, Source WARKS, Source
T Colonia T Colonia Series Selfa contra straictic Selfa contra straictic Selfa colonia Selfa coloni Selfa colonia Selfa colonia Selfa colonia Selfa colonia	Anny  HARGE Comp.	(deed)	Aurgin garden         Auro degr. response services and productional and productin and productin and productional and productin and productional
and more about and hore about an hore and a creat bars and an a short or has creat as the barriers institute as the barriers institute a creation as the barriers institute a creation and the barriers bariers barriers barriers ba	Search using the <u>Factors Browner</u>	(Action)	<ul> <li>Here</li> <li>Schwarzenie</li> <li>Schwarzenie</li> <li>Gewarzenie</li> <li>Handen zurzenie</li> <li>Handen zurz</li></ul>
0CAT 40		na Ganani I Consul Contil C	rvice Pilot: describe public services only once
http://	health.testproject.eu/PPP/		http://maritime.testproject.eu/CISE/
<u>http://</u>	health.testproject.eu/PPP/		a dependent and a dependent an
<u>http://</u>	health.testproject.eu/PPP/		a, dependent of the last service devices performing the transmission of the form of the fo
<u>http://</u>	health.testproject.eu/PPP/		a. A spectra development of the local scenarios. The track on the local scenarios. The track on the local scenarios. The track on the local scenarios is the local scenarios. The track on the local scenarios is the local scenarios is the local scenarios. The track on the local scenarios is the l
http://	health.testproject.eu/PPP/		A rest of the other was and was and was a problem in the other was and the other was

## Non-governmental applications



### **Conclusions**

- Linked data is a set of design principles for sharing machine-readable data on the Web.
- Linked data and open data are not the same.
- URIs, RDF and SPARQL form the foundational layer for Linked data.
- Linked data offers a number of advantages for:
  - Data integration with small impact on legacy systems;
  - Enables for semantic interoperability;
  - Enables creativity and innovation through context and knowledgecreation.



### **Group questions**



Is there supply and demand for (Linked) Open Government Data in your country?



What are, in your opinion, the expected benefits and pitfalls of Linked Data?



Are there any Linked (Open) Data initiatives in your country? If so, how many stars would you give them?

# **Take also the online <u>tes</u>t he**





# Thank you! ...and now YOUR question







### This presentation has been created by Open Data S

### **Disclaimers**

1. The views expressed in this presentation are purely those of the authors and may not, in any circumstances, be interpreted as stating an official position of the European Commission. The European Commission does not guarantee the accuracy of the information included in this presentation, nor does it accept any responsibility for any use thereof.

Reference herein to any specific products, specifications, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favouring by the European Commission.

All care has been taken by the author to ensure that s/he has obtained, where necessary, permission to use any parts of manuscripts including illustrations, maps, and graphs, on which intellectual property rights already exist from the titular holder(s) of such rights or from her/his or their legal representative.

2. This presentation has been carefully compiled by PwC, but no representation is made or warranty given (either express or implied) as to the completeness or accuracy of the information it contains. PwC is not liable for the information in this presentation or any decision or consequence based on the use of it. PwC will not be liable for any damages arising from the use of the information contained in this presentation. The information contained in this presentation is of a general nature and is solely for guidance on matters of general interest. This presentation is not a substitute for professional advice on any particular matter. No reader should act on the basis of any matter contained in this publication without considering appropriate professional advice.

Authors:

Michiel De Keyzer, Nikolaos Loutas, Christophe Colas and Stijn Goedertier



OPEN DATA SUPPORT
 Slide 46



### **References**

### Slide 6:

- EUCLID. Course 1: Introduction and Application Scenarios. <u>http://www.euclid-project.eu/modules/course1</u>
- Linking Open Data cloud diagram, by Richard Cyganiak and Anja Jentzsch. <u>http://lodcloud.net/</u>

### Slides 8:, 13, 36, 38:

- ISA Programme. Case study on how Linked Data is transforming eGovernment. <u>https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/community/semic/document/case-study-how-linked-data-transforming-egovernment</u>
- Tim Berners-Lee. Linked Data. http://www.w3.org/DesignIssues/LinkedData.html

### Slide 9:,

ISA Programme Study on Business Models for LOGD
 <u>https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/community/semic/document/study-business-models-linked-open-government-data-bm4logd</u>

### Slide 12:

### Slides 18-28:

• 5 \* Open Data. http://5stardata.info/

### Slide 19:

UK National Archives, Sustainable development targets 2011-12.

### Slide 21:

Data.gov.uk. Housing stock. <u>http://data.gov.uk/dataset/uk-housing-stock</u>

### Slide 23:

Data.gov.uk. Road Safety Data. http://data.gov.uk/dataset/road-accidents-safety-data

### Slide 25 & 27:

 ISA Organization Ontology pilot - Linking public sector's organisational data, <u>https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/asset/core\_business/document/organization-ontology-pilot-linking-public-sectors-organisational-data</u>

### http://data.ydmed.gov.gr/

Slide 37:

 ISA Programme. Core Location Pilot - Interconnecting Belgian Address Data. <u>https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/asset/core\_location/document/core-location-pilot-interconnecting-belgian-address-data</u>

### Slides 30-34:

- Open Refine: <u>https://github.com/OpenRefine</u>
- RDF Extension: <u>http://refine.deri.ie/</u>
- ISA Programme, Linking data about applications and decisions for authorisation of PPP, <u>http://joinup.ec.europa.eu/asset/core\_business/document/linking-data-about-applications-and-decisions-authorisation-ppp</u>

### Slide 40

- Bibliotheksverbund Bayern, http://lod.b3kat.de/doc
- Agenzia per l'Italia Digitale, <u>http://spcdata.digitpa.gov.it/data.html</u>
- NL Building and address register, http://lod.Geodan.nl
- UK Ordnance Survey, <u>http://data.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/</u>
- UK Companies House, <u>http://companieshouse.gov.uk/</u>





# Further reading



Linked Open Data: The Essentials. Florian Bauer, Martin Kaltenböck. <u>http://www.semantic-web.at/LOD-TheEssentials.pdf</u>

Linked Data: Evolving the Web into a Global Data Space. Tom Heath and Christian Bizer.

http://linkeddatabook.com/editions/1.0/



Linked Open Government Data. Li Ding Qualcomm, Vassilios Peristeras and Michael Hausenblas.

http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/stamp/stamp.jsp?tp=&arnumber=6237454



**EUCLID - Course 1: Introduction and Application Scenarios** 

http://www.euclid-project.eu/modules/course1







# **Related projects and initiatives**



LOD2 FP7 project, <u>http://lod2.eu/</u>



The Open Knowledge Foundation, http://okfn.org/



EUCLID, http://projecteuclid.org/



ISA Programme, <u>http://ec.europa.eu/isa/</u>



W3C LOGD WG, http://www.w3.org/2011/gld/wiki/Main\_Page



Data.gov.uk, <u>http://data.gov.uk/linked-data</u>





# **Be part of our team...**

# Find us on



Open Data Support http://www.slideshare.net/OpenDataSupport



Open Data Support http://goo.gl/y9ZZI

# Join us on



http://www.opendatasupport.eu

# Follow us





contact@opendatasupport.eu



OPEN DATA SUPPORT Slide 50

